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STUDY ON THE HUMAN SETTLEMENT DEVELOPMENT TRENDS OF "APPROPRIATE SCATTERED"

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Key words: "Appropriate Scattered"; natural person need; repeatability; post urbanization

Abstract: Bringing great advances in the mode of production,urbanization has provided the material conditions for the settlement subject to choose "appropriate scattered" pattern. Settlement subject is a unity of the "natural person" and the economic person". The urbanization satisfied the "economic person" greatly but denied the needs of the natural person at the same time. So settlement subject would build spontaneously "appropriate scattered"pattern to ease the lack of natural person. Habitat settlement gradually formed "appropriate scattered "pattern. In fact, from the "concentrated" till appropriate scattered, habitat settlement is constantly repeated in the diversification process. Post Urbanization is coming.

On the surface dilemma of urbanization is due to the contradiction between the excessive concentration of population and resources. In fact, its deep reason is the contradiction between the natural property and economic properties of human being. Because of the difference in population intensity, the bearing capacity of the settlement and the surrounding environment, there has always been the argument between "concentration" and "dispersion" in the development of human settlements. Theorists in support of concentration believe, in the urbanization process human settlements will achieve more concentration of the population, resources, environment and capital; theorists in support of dispersion argue that the high concentration of urbanization only relatively meet the needs of the main subject, and cruel ecological dilemma is the fact without disputes. The generation and development of human settlement pattern is a self-organizing process, which promotes human settlements from moving settlement, settlement, early human settlements to relatively decentralized rural places, relatively concentrated cities and finally to the highly centralized urbanization by the needs of the main body in settlement and the tension of settlement function. Human settlements, with the improvement in the changes of production mode and changes of needs of the main body of the settlements, which again come to "appropriate scattered" mode from the highly centralized urbanization. The plight of human settlements will gradually be eliminated.

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I. The condition analysis of the "appropriate scattered" mode

Productivity is "the most active and revolutionary" factor in social development, whose development especially the development of core industry technologies make living style of the main body in settlement change accordingly.

In historical investigation process of the evolution of rural settlements and urban settlements, the transformation of the industrial technology in productivity is an important consideration.

Traditional agricultural technology is the core of productivity in rural settlements. When the main body of settlements perform social production, they achieve the combination of nature and artificial nature through the composite systems composed of human and nature to form the main way for them to obtain the means of livelihood. Production modes in rural settlements supported by traditional agricultural technology are extensive, and the material wealth growth depends on the inputs of means of production which update slowly. Population migration occurs when there are ecological dilemmas in settlement, and new settlements will be founded. In rural communities, geopolitical blood relatives of people lay the foundation of a stable rural society, and settlement pattern is relatively stable. Overall, population in rural settlements is absolutely scattered, and always in the condition of deficient material. Industrial technology (manufacturing) is the core in productivity of urban settlements. After the industrial revolution, especially the establishment of the factory paradigm system of production give main body in urban settlements a relative independence and cities with concentrated population and urban settlements are formed. The change of urban settlements depends on the development of industrial technology, and the establishment of new labor community guide main body in settlements to choose again. The third industrial revolution, especially the transmission from traditional technology to the ecological and informatization mode provides the technical support for the main body in the settlement from high degree of industrial concentration to moderate ecological

dispersion. With the support of development and application of electronic technology and transportation technology, spatial arrangement of labor factor in the productivity can also has a diversified pattern. Relatively free of time and relatively extensive in the work location make the settlement body choose settlement pattern freely according to the demands. "with the development of productivity, with the support of information and electronic industry technology, qualitative changes have taken place in social labor, namely the increase of social wealth is no longer dependent on the highly intensive population and concentrated development of resources. The development of productive forces will prompt residential settlement from the high degree of industrial concentration to moderate dispersion.

In terms of production relations, the occupancy volume of production means determines the rich and the poor of the social members. As Marx said: "the first kind of people accumulate wealth, and the second kind of people can sell nothing except their own skin. Most people's poverty and a few's wealth start from the original sin.

Private ownership, from its contrast again labor within the scope of the labor, develop from the inevitability of accumulation. The production relations make the "Matthew effect" in the distribution of wealth perform to the extreme. " instead of saying out of real need, the fever on the accumulation of wealth to give himself superior make all people produce sinister intentions and a hidden jealousy to harm other ... all the evils are the first consequence of private property,also the inevitable outcome of the new inequality.

The gap between the rich and the poor resulting from Private ownership, from basic economic space structure, is the binary opposition of the urban and rural. Confrontation between the urban and the rural areas becomes increasingly serious with the rise of the capitalist mode of production, and the difference are consistently widening in the process of industrialization and urbanization.

Based on the contrast of the economic status of the urban and rural areas, rural population is willing to leave the land into the factories in the urban for concentrated labor to get rid of

poverty in this way. When a large number of rural population are in cities, urban settlements rapidly expand. The large number of rural population goes into cities, which provide sufficient labor and promote the development of industrialization, at the same time, test the bearing capacity of the cities.

Eliminating the differences between the urban and rural areas is the realistic condition for realization of "appropriate scattered" of human settlements. Eliminating or reducing the differences between town and country, especially eliminating the difference in materials between the two substances, can improve the appeal of rural settlements and make more rural population to return to country; At the same time, it is possible to promote the restructuring of the rural industrial structure, to reduce the rural population into the city, so as to reduce the pressure of population of the city. Therefore, eliminating or reducing the differences between town and country has practical significance for human settlements transform from highly concentrated mode to "appropriate scattered" mode.

Man's all-round development also inherently requires the transmission of human settlements from highly concentrated to "appropriate scattered". Due to the blindness of the mode of production dominated by private ownership, the occurrence of development crisis in highly concentrated settlement pattern is inevitable. the disorder caused by blindness is a surface phenomenon, while the deeper reason is the imbalance of ecosystem and the loss of the homeland of spirit for settlement body. In expansion of urbanization, the deficient materials for a part of people are eliminated for a short period of time, but at the same time the plundering of natural resources has caused the sharp decline in order. At the same time, the human emotion is monetizationed, and the dignity of the people also be materialized, spiritual world which should be rich and colorful is associated with vulgar culture, the activity of nature and human has been reduced. Man's all-round development requires people to achieve freedom while eliminating the lack in natural material. To realize man's all-round development is a historical necessity, so modest dispersed settlement pattern is inevitable.

II. The demands of "Natural person" and moderate dispersion

Man has natural attribute and economic attribute, which is the unity of "natural person" and "economic person". Natural person mainly refers that people is a part of the nature with animal needs; At the same time, the person is also a existence restricted by the nature. "economic man" mainly refers to people's social attribute in the economic aspect, in a certain historical period, people's selfish and materialistic nature will highlight in economic attribute. Human settlements are gradually formed and evolved in order to meet the need for settlement body. Early human settlements, villages and cities carry the natural person's needs and the needs of the "economic person" of the main body of settlements, just different settlement models meet different levels of the needs of the two kinds. In urban settlements, especially after settlements enter the high speed development, the main body in urban settlements basically reflect the need of "economic man", and the needs of the natural person usually cannot be satisfied.

The fundamental driving force of the development of the human settlements lays in the contradiction movement of the demands of "economic person" and "natural person". As is known to all, the ultimate goal of human settlements is meeting the needs of the main body in settlements, but in fact, both rural settlements and urban settlements cannot completely meet the needs of the settlements' main body. When their demands can not be balancedly meet, the will to look for more suitable settlement pattern will appear in the group psychological tends of settlements' main body. So human settlements' patterns change become the inevitable trend. Dilemma of urbanization has gradually become the bottleneck for the development of countries all over the world and that is exactly because the already formed settlement patterns can't satisfy the contradiction of demands of "economic person" and the "natural person". Marx believed that human development is the process of from dependencies to people to dependencies to the materials to man's all-round development. In rural settlements, main body's demands of

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natural person can be able greatly satisfied, but the demands of "economic man" is hard to meet due to the productivity level limit. In urban settlements, especially after the industrial revolution and the urbanization process, the demands of "economic man" dominates, with the absolute advantage, but demands of natural persons are replaced by that of "economic person". Settlement patterns that can meet the demands of "economic person" has absolute priority of development, therefore highly centralized urbanization emerge at the right moment and expand quickly.

In fact, the demands of "economic man" mainly refers to the demands to enjoy. It occurs after basic needs are met, but the demands to enjoy and basic needs are not in complete harmony. Within a certain range, the demands to enjoy the and basic needs do not conflict, it can raise the level to which basic needs can be met, optimize the process in which basic needs are met. Although the demands to enjoy need reflect the power of technology, but it will give the person the illusion that the forces of the people can go beyond the forces of nature. Typically, main body of settlements has natural demands, enjoyment demands and development demands. The process from basic needs to enjoyment needs is a natural process, and there is a lack of the connecting power for process from enjoyment needs to development needs. Moreover, people's need cannot rise in time to development needs, for example, if it can't extend longitudinally, then it may be horizontally developed, material needs will be extremely alienated, unlimited use of natural resources and the resulting social problems will be increasingly severe. When settlement main body's enjoyment needs develop to a point where there is serious crisis in settlement ecosystem, the settlement main body will produce the corresponding reaction and even change behavior. When settlement main body damage basic needs to meet the material needs, the demands of "natural person" will rise to dominating demand for main body in the settlement, a kind of tend to return to the local settlement will generate inside the main body of settlements. Mass psychology of main body of settlements dominated by demands of natural persons rise together to constitute a resultant force, become the driving force for main body in settlements to find a kind of new settlement

pattern that can meet the requirements of the "economic person" and also appropriately meet the natural demands. Therefore, the improving consciousness of the demands of "natural person" becomes the driving force for main body in settlements to chose "appropriate scattered" settlement pattern.

III. The repeatability from highly centralized to "appropriate scattered" mode

The development of settlements from the country to the city, form the city to the big city, big city belt and finally on a path to urbanization reflects the historical inevitability of the development of human society. The process of Settlements main boy from dispersion to concentration to high concentration is the real reflects of main body to realize the basic needs, enjoyment needs and development needs. Although the plight of urbanization has become recognized as a global problem, but most of the scholars, especially concentrated theorists are still trying to seek the answer from "Concentration" or "reasonable concentration". Concentration, especially high concentration make settlement main body loss the natural person needs, while reasonable "concentration" also cannot make natural person's demands get comprehensive recovery.

"Appropriate scattered" settlement option is not just a postscript. Highly centralized settlement main body have the needs of the natural person, and worry about the situation where the "economic man" needs are not met because they are away from the economic centers because of appropriate scattered mode , so this is a difficult process, which is possible to implement after times of repeat.

Settlement main body's choice of living pattern can truly reflect the value orientation of settlements main body. The demands of "economic person" in urban settlements is the reflect they have for the expansion of materials. From the wise men of ancient Greece to Renaissance humanists, they all promote individuals as the benchmark of values. They are opposed to the values of eliminating the individual consciousness, equate direct existence individuals with the material possessions. Especially the value

on the support of anthropocentrism, deny directly that nature has intrinsic value, so the using scale of nature is totally on the basis of the interests. This kind of value orientation lead to the realization of a few people's value ,at the same time, most people are lack of value of main body. Urbanization dilemma prompt settlement main body to rethink of the evaluation standards of the value, from only focusing on the individual value to groups value, fully embodies the creative nature of value meaning.

The changing process of people's values is not only dependent on the individual understanding and the perfection of the moral, and it is also associated with the social mode of production, it is doomed that the replacement and transition of values is a very complicated process. for example, under the background of privatisation, the western developed countries create a large amount of material wealth, but at the same time also make the settlement body gradually alienated as the one person, to make settlement main body need complanation, only focus on the growth of material wealth, which may create a serious hinders for this man's all-round development and the realization of human value. In comparison, the socialization of production means is conducive to human settlements to become moderately scattered. Throughout public ownership of means of production mode founded since 20th century, almost without exception is achieved through the historical transition of the social system. Although social system can span, the development phase on the basis of materials dependence cannot span, the market mechanism is advantageous to the rich content, but depends on the concentration of people and materials. In this background, there are the inevitable problems to realize person's full scale development under the mode of the public ownership of the means of production.

For settlements main body, it is difficult to make balance and choice for the human settlement pattern (beyond the existing, the life of the settlement pattern). "The human's understanding is also a process of dialectical negation and infinite development, the process of human's understanding of the natural environment' s evolution regularity and meeting the survival and development needs of their own can only be dynamic process of getting closer to the truth step by step and constantly creating value."

in the practical level, the settlement main body's reflection to the settlement pattern can only be competed through difficult, repeatedly thinking and argument. Similarly, in the psychological level of reflecting settlements main body, the understanding has twists and turns in a concerted effort. The main body of urban settlements, because of the increasingly serious problems of urbanization, become more and more disappointed at the city life, at the same time, the real rural settlements are lack of the material, with cultural life of the single, also not the living place fully satisfied by urban settlements main body.

Settlement subject, with the increase of pressure in urban life as well as its lack of natural person needs, have the will to choose to leave, then the phenomenon of "fleeing Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou" appears. Among the rural population in the city, some people only come into the city in need or slack farming season, in order to increase income to meet the needs of the "economic person". at the same time, counter urbanization trend appear in some big cities or Super city , and there is a kind of ideological trend in the early urbanization movement, that is a lot of people moving the country move back into the city, most of the agricultural labourers are willing to participate in agricultural production intermittently and almost nobody really want to fully become agricultural producers. They just use holidays to look for opportunities to get close to nature, so as to meet the needs of the natural person. The reality shows that the development trend of human settlements is from highly concentrated mode towards the "appropriate scattered" mode of post urbanization, in order to realize the unification of the needs of natural person and that of the "economic person". Of course, the process from the highly concentrated to the appropriate scattered modes is completed after many times of reputation.

IV. "Appropriate scattered" trend and the possibility of post urbanization

City should "really be the primary responsibility of survival and independence, namely creating friendly natural environment and social environment to attract and retain people". But the

avoidable dilemmas of urbanization let it gradually lost the most important part of its basic functions. Changes of mode of production, the development of the settlement main body's requirements and the psychological evolution of the settlement main body provide possibility for human settlements to go to "appropriate scattered" stage.

The difference between urban settlements and rural settlements is caused not only because of the institutional factors, but the difference in means of production. Eliminating these differences requires a long historical process. Classical writers from Utopian socialists to Marxists have been trying to find the ways and methods, and eventually Marxist theorists point out that only when the development of productive forces match production relations changes, the differences can be eliminated. This is the inevitable way to achieve human's comprehensive development, which can make people that are dismembered because of mandatory social division of labor become free people that master a variety of skills and can be engaged in activities in multiple fields with comprehensive development.

With the development of productivity, especially the development of science and technology factors in productivity and improvement of combination of entity elements in productivity, resources, and use patterns of resources will be changed accordingly in both the rural settlements and urban settlements. These changes can be done in scattered forms, no longer constrained in concentrated form, so that it provides possibility of appropriate scattered residential settlements and also make the trends that residential settlements become appropriate scattered increasingly clear.

The development trend of Human settlements which is appropriate scattered is the deconstruction process of urban settlements, which indicates that appropriate scattered new residential settlement pattern becomes possible. According to the development sequence of human settlement patterns, it occurs after the urbanization stage of human settlements, so it can be referred to as the "post-urbanization" stage.

The fundamental purpose of Post-urbanization settlement is to achieve the unity of demands for natural person and that

of "economic man" of the settlements main body. It takes the appropriate scattered principle, coordinates the contradiction between settlements main body and the ecological environment, complies with the concept of harmonious coexistence between man and nature; it coordinates conflicts between the main body of settlements, achieves the combination of the individual and group interests of settlements. post-urbanization settlements reflects the demands of settlements main body, and it is continuously improved through the complicated dialectical process between conflicts of demands in reality of settlements main body and social conflicts.

Although the process from highly centralized urbanization stage to "appropriate scattered" Post-urbanization stage is the most attractive development direction, due to the unbalanced development of human settlements, large Numbers of the "economic person" demands in rural settlements are not well satisfied, and some classes in the city currently city are not very eager for the realization of the natural person demands, which make settlements main body lack intuitive understanding of the appropriate scattered Post urbanization stage and even doubt the possibility of it. At the same time, the highly centralized urbanization settlements is also inviolable development process of human settlements. With the changes of the mode of production, it must promote the arrival of Post urbanization stage with appropriate scattered as the basic characteristic, and determine the integrity ecological, diversity, multicenters and other basic characteristics of post urbanization settlements.

Therefore, the most direct and effective way to seek to solve the dilemma of urbanization is to actively promote the development of appropriate scattered human settlements and make it a conscious process. Settlements main body should have scientific understanding of the development prospects of human settlements, at the same time, reduce the price because of the urbanization difficulties to the greatest extent possible, try to construct the realization conditions for the urbanization stage and provide the optimal spatial carrier to realize person's full scale development.

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OPEN CITY IN SEOUL: COEXISTENCE, FUSION, AND CREATION

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This article has a target that shows the history of Seoul city with its features about coexistence, fusion, and creation. It is not difficult to understand that Seoul city in its long history keeps various aspects of changes of the city appearance and people's lives. Its long history also has incubated various contexts of culture, religions, and ideologies. It is natural that each of various contexts exchanged and intersected and thus created a new context that has been unusual in the past, even though many conflicts between each different culture are inevitable.

Open City describes the concept that city has not only an open structure of space as well as system of co-existence and communications among many different cultures, religions, or